2.7 V to 5.5 V

0.6 mA (Typ)

4.5 µs (Max)

±0.5 LSB (Max)

±0.5 LSB (Max)



D/A Converters Series

D/A Converters 8 bit 2 ch • 3 ch Type

BD79700FVM-LB BD79701FVM-LB

General Description

This product is a rank product for the industrial equipment market. This is the best product for use in these

BD79700FVM-LB and BD79701FVM-LB are 8 bit R-2Rtype D/A converters with 2 and 3 channels, respectively. A compact package allows for adjacent placement to the adjustment target, thereby eliminating deterioration of the D/A converter due to the board wiring. A broad power supply voltage range (2.7 V to 5.5 V) is available, providing design flexibility.

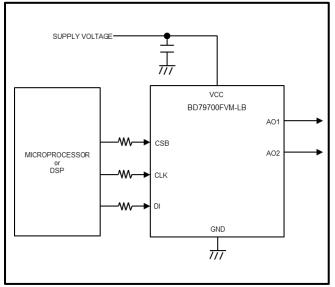
Features

- Compact Package Enabling Adjacent Placement
- Built-in Initial Zero Hold Function
- High Speed Output Response Characteristics
- 3-line Serial Interface

Applications

- Industrial Equipment
- **Battery Operating Equipment**
- Digital Gain Adjustment or Offset Adjustment
- Programable Voltage Source or Current Source
- Programable Attenuator

Typical Application Circuit



Max Data Transfer Frequency: 30 MHz (Max) Action Temperature Range: -40 °C to +125 °C **Package** W (Typ) x D (Typ) x H (Max) MSOP8 2.9 mm x 4.0 mm x 0.9 mm

Key Specifications

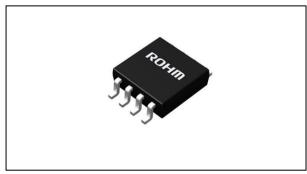
■ Power Source Voltage Range:

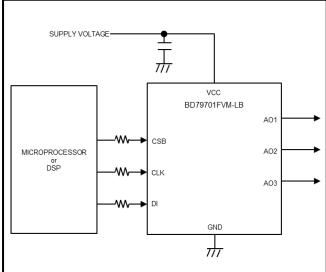
Current Consumption:

Integral Non Linearity

Settling Time:

Differential Non Linearity

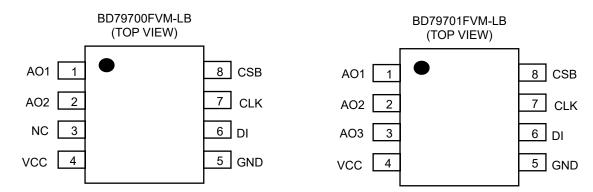




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Pin Configuration



Pin Descriptions

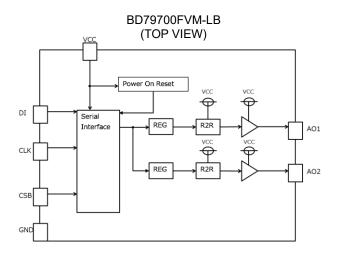
(BD79700FVM-LB)

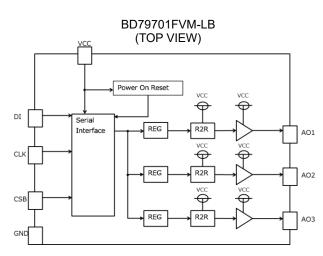
Pin No.	Pin Name	Function					
1	AO1	Analog output pin 1.					
2	AO2	Analog output pin 2.					
3	NC	NC.					
4	VCC	Power supply pin.					
5	GND	Ground pin.					
6	DI	Digital data input pin.					
7	CLK	Digital clock input pin.					
8	CSB	Chip select input pin.					

(BD79701FVM-LB)

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	AO1	Analog output pin 1.
2	AO2	Analog output pin 2.
3	AO3	Analog output pin 3.
4	VCC	Power supply pin.
5	GND	Ground pin.
6	DI	Digital data input pin.
7	CLK	Digital clock input pin.
8	CSB	Chip select input pin.

Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	7.0	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 to V _{CC} +0.3	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	Tjmax	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C

Caution 1: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Caution 2: Should by any chance the maximum junction temperature rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, design a PCB with thermal resistance taken into consideration by increasing board size and copper area so as not to exceed the maximum junction temperature rating.

Thermal Resistance^(Note 1)

Decemeter	Cymbal	Thermal Res	Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	1s ^(Note 3)	1s ^(Note 3) 4s ^(Note 4)	
MSOP8				
Junction to Ambient	θја	284.1	135.4	°C/W
Junction to Top Characterization Parameter ^(Note 2)	Ψ_{JT}	21	11	°C/W

(Note 1) Based on JESD51-2A (Still-Air),

(Note 2) The thermal characterization parameter to report the difference between junction temperature and the temperature at the top center of the outside surface of the component package.

(Note 3) Using a PCB board based on JESD51-3. (Note 4) Using a PCB board based on JESD51-7.

Layer Number of Measurement Board	Material	Board Size
Single	FR-4	114.3 mm x 76.2 mm x 1.57 mmt
Тор		
Copper Pattern	Thickness	
Footprints and Traces	70 µm	
Layer Number of Measurement Board	Material	Board Size
4 Layers	FR-4	114.3 mm x 76.2 mm x 1.6 mmt

Тор		2 Internal Laye	ers	Bottom		
Copper Pattern	Pattern Thickness Copper Pattern Thickness		Thickness	Copper Pattern	Thickness	
Footprints and Traces	70 µm	74.2 mm x 74.2 mm	35 µm	74.2 mm x 74.2 mm	70 µm	

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	2.7	-	5.5	V
Input Voltage	Vin	0	-	Vcc	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40	+25	+125	°C
Serial Clock Frequency	fsclk	-	10	30	MHz
Load Capacitance Limit	CL	ı	ı	1500	pF

Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, Ta = 25 °C, f_{SCLK} = 30 MHz)

(Offices officerwise specified VCC = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, Ta = 25 C, ISCLK = 50 MHz)											
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions					
<current consumption=""></current>											
Power Down Current	I _{PD}	-	0.3	1	μА	Power Down Hi-Z, CLK = 0 V, CSB = V_{CC} , DI = V_{CC}					
Current Consumption	Icc	-	0.6	0.9	mA	780h setting					
<logic interface=""></logic>											
L Input Voltage	VIL	GND	-	0.2Vcc	V						
H Input Voltage	VIH	0.8Vcc	-	Vcc	V						
Input Current	lin	-10	-	+10	μΑ						
<buffer amplifier=""></buffer>											
Zero Scale Output Voltage	Vzso	-	10	-	mV	V _{CC} = 5 V, I _{OH} = 1 mA					
Full Scale Output Voltage	V _{FSO}	-	Vcc - 0.05	-	V	V _{CC} = 5 V, I _{OL} = 1 mA					
<d a="" converter="" precision=""></d>											
Differential Non Linearity	DNL	-0.5	-	+0.5	LSB	Input range is 3 to 252					
Integral Non Linearity	INL	-0.5	-	+0.5	LSB	Input range is 3 to 252					
Power Source Voltage Rise Time	tvcc	100	-	-	μs						
Power On Reset Release Voltage	V _{POR}	-	1.2	-	V						

Timing Specifications

(Unless otherwise specified V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, Ta = 25 °C, f_{SCLK} = 30 MHz)

7-		, -				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
CLK L Level Time	tclkl	10	-	-	ns	
CLK H Level Time	tclkh	10	-	-	ns	
DI Setup Time	t _{sDI}	3.5	-	-	ns	
DI Hold Time	t _{hDI}	3.5	-	-	ns	
CSB Setup Time	t _{sCSB}	10	-	-	ns	
CSB Hold Time	thCSB	10	-	-	ns	
CSB H Level Time	t _{CSBH}	10	-	-	ns	
D/A Output Settling Time	t _{оит}	-	-	4.5	μs	C_L = 200 pF, R_L = 2 k Ω Set-up Time from 40h to C0h

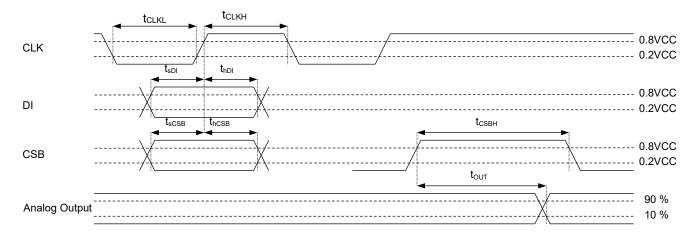


Figure 1. 3-line Serial Bus and Analog Output Timing Chart

Typical Performance Curves

(Reference Data) Unless otherwise specified V_{CC} = 3 V, Ta = 25 °C, f_{SCLK} = 30 MHz

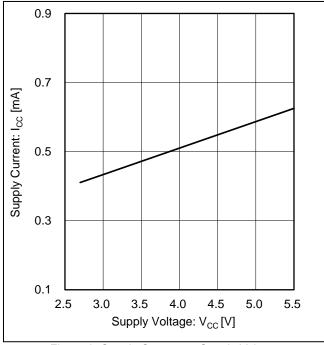


Figure 2. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage (Vcc Current Consumption)

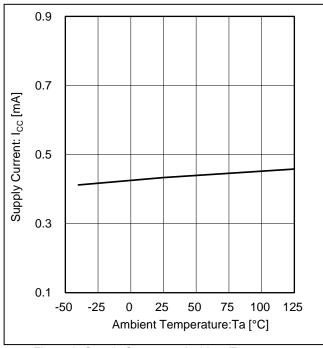


Figure 3. Supply Current vs Ambient Temperature (Vcc Current Consumption)

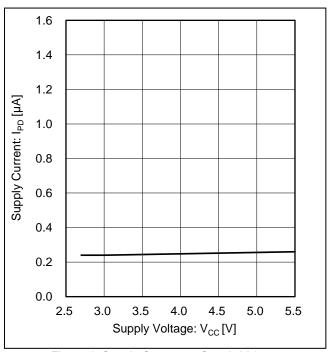


Figure 4. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage (Power-down Current)

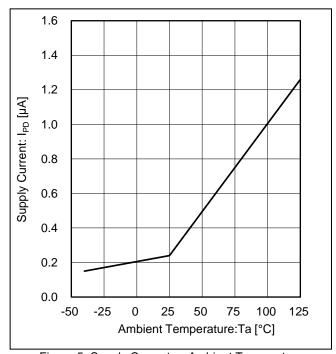


Figure 5. Supply Current vs Ambient Temperature (Power-down Current)

(Reference Data) Unless otherwise specified V_{CC} = 3 V, Ta = 25 °C, f_{SCLK} = 30 MHz

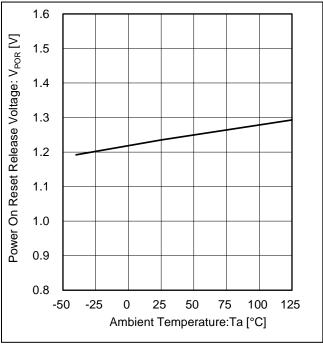


Figure 6. Power On Reset Release Voltage vs Ambient Temperature

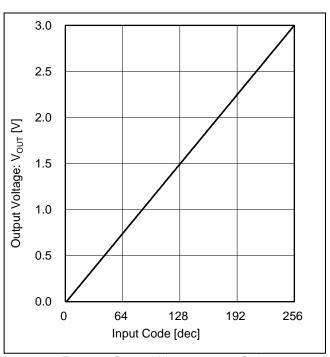


Figure 7. Output Voltage vs Input Code

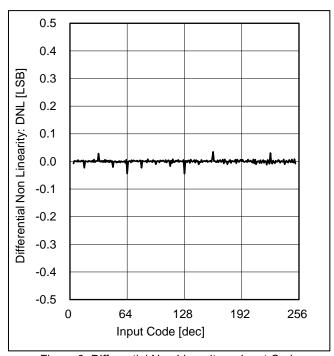


Figure 8. Differential Non Linearity vs Input Code

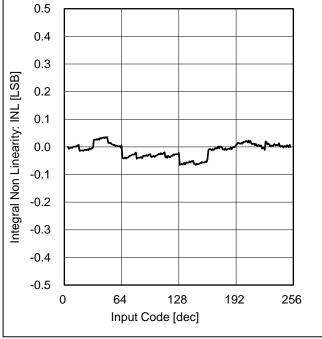


Figure 9. Integral Non Linearity vs Input Code

(Reference Data)

Unless otherwise specified Vcc = 3 V, Ta = 25 °C, fsclk = 30 MHz

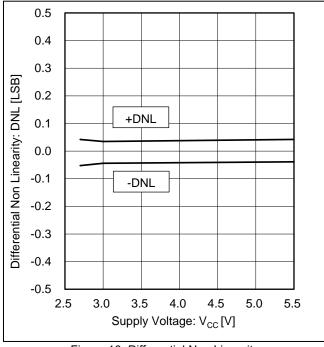


Figure 10. Differential Non Linearity vs Supply Voltage

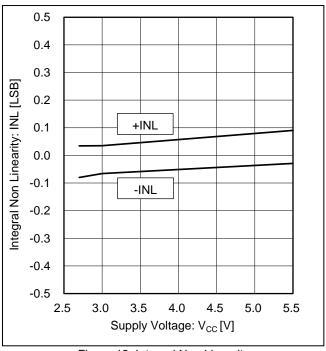


Figure 12. Integral Non Linearity vs Supply Voltage

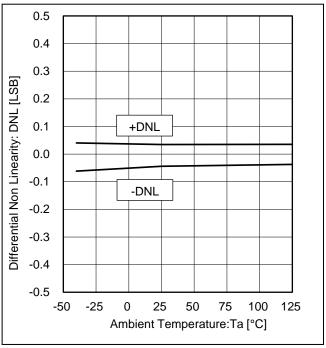


Figure 11. Differential Non Linearity vs Ambient Temperature

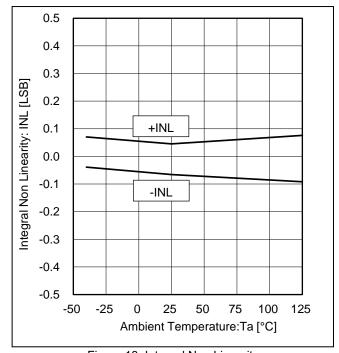


Figure 13. Integral Non Linearity vs Ambient Temperature

(Reference Data)

Unless otherwise specified Vcc = 3 V, Ta = 25 °C, fsclk = 30 MHz

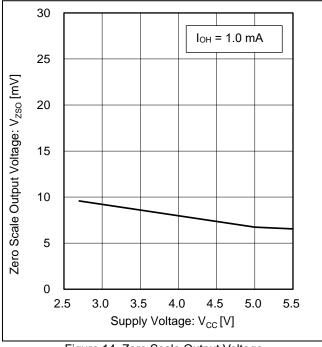


Figure 14. Zero Scale Output Voltage vs Supply Voltage

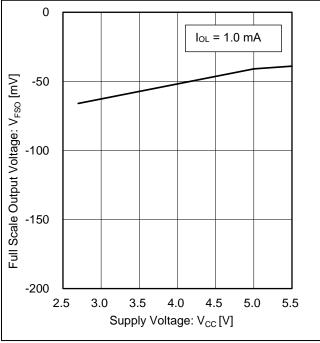


Figure 16. Full Scale Output Voltage vs Supply Voltage

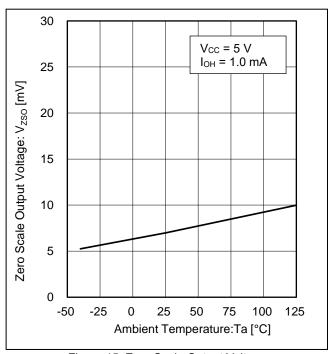


Figure 15. Zero Scale Output Voltage vs Ambient Temperature

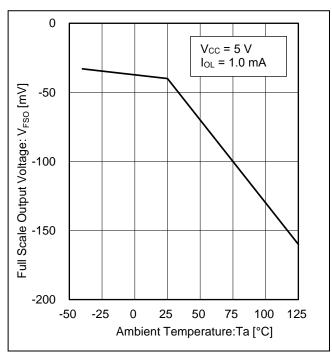


Figure 17. Full Scale Output Voltage vs Ambient Temperature

(Reference Data) Unless otherwise specified $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$, Ta = 25 °C, $f_{SCLK} = 30 \text{ MHz}$

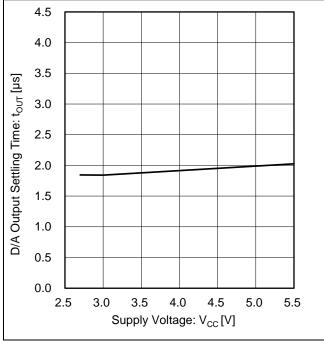


Figure 18. D/A Output Settling Time vs Supply Voltage

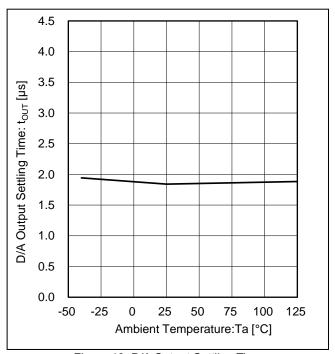


Figure 19. D/A Output Settling Time vs Ambient Temperature

Communication Format

The Serial Control Interface is 3-line 12 bit serial interface (MSB first).

DI data is read every rising edge of the CLK.

Last 12 bits of data are latched when CSB goes HIGH.

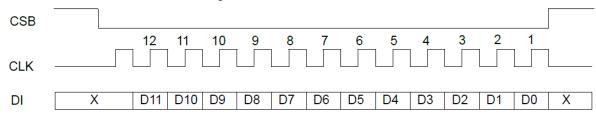


Figure 20. Communication Format

Register Map^(Note 5)

Channel setting

D10	D9	D8	D7 to D0	DDT0T00F) (MALD	
			טט טו זע	BD79700FVM-LB	BD79701FVM-LB
0	0	0	0000_0000	Power Down 100 kΩ	Power Down 100 kΩ
0	0	1	D/A DATA [7:0]	AO1 Data Setting and Output	AO1 Data Setting and Output
0	1	0	D/A DATA [7:0]	AO2 Data Setting and Output	AO2 Data Setting and Output
0	1	1	D/A DATA [7:0]	Not used	AO3 Data Setting and Output
1	0	0	0000_0000	Not used	Not used
1	0	1	0000_0000	Not used	Not used
1	1	0	0000_0000	Not used	Not used
1	1	1	D/A DATA [7:0]	All Channel Setting and Output	All Channel Setting and Output
0	0	0	0000_0000	Power Down 2.5 kΩ	Power Down 2.5 kΩ
0	0	1	D/A DATA [7:0]	AO1 Data Setting Only	AO1 Data Setting Only
0	1	0	D/A DATA [7:0]	AO2 Data Setting Only	AO2 Data Setting Only
0	1	1	D/A DATA [7:0]	Not used	AO3 Data Setting Only
1	0	0	0000_0000	Not used	Not used
1	0	1	0000_0000	Not used	Not used
1	1	0	0000_0000	Not used	Not used
1	1	1	0000_0000	Power Down Hi-Z	Power Down Hi-Z
	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 D/A DATA [7:0] 0 1 0 D/A DATA [7:0] 0 1 1 D/A DATA [7:0] 1 0 0 0000_0000 1 0 1 0000_0000 1 1 0 0000_0000 1 1 1 D/A DATA [7:0] 0 0 0 0 0000_0000 0 1 0 D/A DATA [7:0] 0 0 1 1 D/A DATA [7:0] 0 0 1 1 D/A DATA [7:0] 0 1 0 0 0000_0000 0 1 0 0 0000_0000 0	0 0 1 D/A DATA [7:0] AO1 Data Setting and Output 0 1 0 D/A DATA [7:0] AO2 Data Setting and Output 0 1 1 D/A DATA [7:0] Not used 1 0 0 0000_0000 Not used 1 0 1 0000_0000 Not used 1 1 0 0000_0000 Not used 1 1 1 D/A DATA [7:0] All Channel Setting and Output 0 0 0 0000_0000 Power Down 2.5 kΩ 0 0 1 D/A DATA [7:0] AO1 Data Setting Only 0 1 0 D/A DATA [7:0] AO2 Data Setting Only 0 1 1 D/A DATA [7:0] Not used 1 0 0 0000_0000 Not used 1 0 1 0000_0000 Not used 1 0 1 0000_0000 Not used

Data Setting

		Sotting						
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Setting
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	GND
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	(Vcc - GND)/256x1
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	(Vcc - GND)/256x2
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	(Vcc - GND)/256x3
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	(Vcc - GND)/256x4
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	(Vcc - GND)/256x254
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(Vcc - GND)/256x255

(Note 5) Do not write '1' to the fields in which value is '0' in above table.

Resister Map - continued

BD79700FVM-LB, BD79701FVM-LB common

(000h, 800h, F00h) Power Down Enable

000h, Power Down 100 kΩ	All channel are power down mode. Output is 100 kΩ pulldown.
800h, Power Down 2.5 kΩ	All channel are power down mode. Output is 2.5 kΩ pulldown.
F00h, Power Down Hiz	All channel are power down mode. Output is Hiz state.

Default value 0x800

BD79700FVM-LB

1xxn to 7xxn) DAC Output		
1xxh, AO1 Output	Output AO1 with setting data from D7 to D0.	
2xxh, AO2 Output	Output AO2 with setting data from D7 to D0.	
3xxh, Not used	Not used	
4xxh, Not used Not used		
5xxh, Not used Not used		
6xxh, Not used	Not used	
7xxh, All Channel Output Output All channel with setting data from D7 to D0.		

Default value 0x000

(9xxh to Exxh) DAC Data Setting Only

Tokki to Ekkin Brio Bata Cotting Crity		
9xxh, AO1 Data Setting Only	Set ch1 DAC code with setting data from D7 to D0.	
	Output is no changed.	
Axxh, AO2 Data Setting Only	Set ch2 DAC code with setting data from D7 to D0.	
	Output is no changed.	
Bxxh, Not used	Not used	
Cxxh, Not used	Not used	
Dxxh, Not used	Not used	
Exxh, Not used	Not used	

Default value 0x000

BD79701FVM-LB

(1xxh to 7xxh) DAC Output

1xxh, AO1 Output	Output AO1 with setting data from D7 to D0.	
2xxh, AO2 Output	Output AO2 with setting data from D7 to D0.	
3xxh, AO3 Output	Output AO3 with setting data from D7 to D0.	
4xxh, Not used	Not used	
5xxh, Not used	Not used	
6xxh, Not used	Not used	
7xxh, All Channel Output	Output All channel with setting data from D7 to D0.	

Default value 0x000

(9xxh to Exxh) DAC Data Setting Only

9xxh, AO1 Data Setting Only	Set ch1 DAC code with setting data from D7 to D0.	
	Output is no changed.	
Axxh, AO2 Data Setting Only	Set ch2 DAC code with setting data from D7 to D0.	
	Output is no changed.	
Bxxh, AO3 Data Setting Only	Set ch3 DAC code with setting data from D7 to D0.	
	Output is no changed.	
Cxxh, Not used	Not used	
Dxxh, Not used	Not used	
Exxh, Not used	Not used	

Default value 0x000

Resister Map - continued

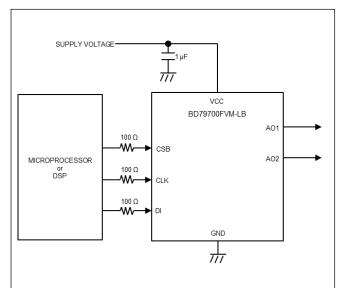
Example Send Command DAC Output

	Send Command	Command details	AO1	AO2
Power On	-	-	Power Down 2.5 kΩ	Power Down 2.5 kΩ
Step1	780h	Output All channel	Output (Vcc - GND)/2	Output (Vcc - GND)/2
Step2	1FFh	Output AO1	Output V _{CC}	Output (V _{CC} - GND)/2

Example Send Command DAC Data Setting Only

	Send	Command	AO1	AO2
	Command	details		
Power On	-	-	Power Down 2.5 kΩ	Power Down 2.5 kΩ
Step1	780h	Output All channel	Output (Vcc - GND)/2	Output (Vcc - GND)/2
Step2	A00h	Set ch2 DAC data Output is no changed	Output (Vcc - GND)/2	Output (Vcc - GND)/2
Step3	1FFh	Output AO1 All channel update DAC output	Output V _{CC}	Output GND

Application Example



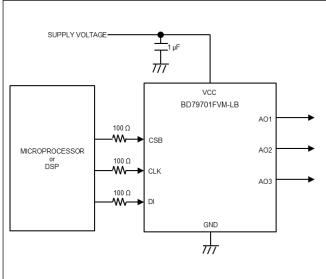


Figure 21. Application Circuit

I/O Equivalence Circuit

Pin Name	Equivalent Circuit Diagram	Pin Name	Equivalent Circuit Diagram
AO1 AO2 AO3	VCC VCC VCC VCC GND GND	DI CLK CSB	VCC VCC VCC GND GND

Operational Notes

1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. Recommended Operating Conditions

The function and operation of the IC are guaranteed within the range specified by the recommended operating conditions. The characteristic values are guaranteed only under the conditions of each item specified by the electrical characteristics.

6. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

7. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

8. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

9. Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

Operational Notes - continued

10. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode. When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

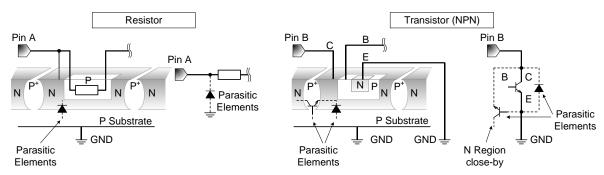
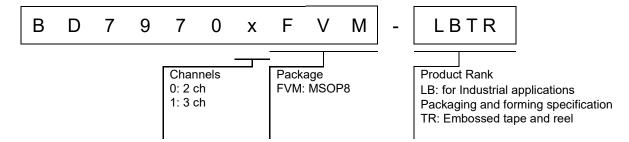


Figure 22. Example of Monolithic IC Structure

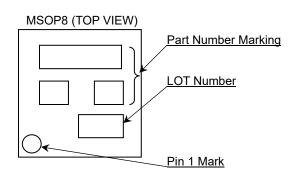
11. Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine a capacitance value considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

Ordering Information



Marking Diagram



Part Number Marking	Package	Orderable Part Number
79700	MSOP8	BD79700FVM-LBTR
79701	IVISOPO	BD79701FVM-LBTR

Physical Dimension and Packing Information Package Name MSOP8 2. 9 ± 0.1 Max3. 25 (include. BURR) 29 ± 0.15 0 0.475 1PIN MARK $0.\ \ 1\ 4\ 5\ ^{+\ 0.\ 0\ 5}_{-\ 0.\ 0\ 3}$ S 75 ± 0.05 $0.22^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$ 0.65 (UNIT: mm) PKG: MSOP8 □ 0. 08 S Drawing No. EX181-5002 < Tape and Reel Information > Таре Embossed carrier tape 3000pcs Quantity Direction of feed The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper right when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 E2 TR E2 TR E2 TR E2 TR E2 TR E2 TR ΤI E1 TL E1 TL E1 TL E1 TL E1 TL E1 Direction of feed Pocket Quadrants

Revision History

1.001.01.11.01.01.1			
	Date	Revision	Changes
	05.Mar.2024	001	New Release

Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment (Note 1), aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

ſ	JÁPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
Ī	CLASSⅢ	ОГУССШ	CLASS II b	СГУССШ
ſ	CLASSIV	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ

- 2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
 - [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
 - [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
- 3. Our Products are not designed under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
 - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (Exclude cases where no-clean type fluxes is used. However, recommend sufficiently about the residue.); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse, is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation depending on ambient temperature. When used in sealed area, confirm that it is the use in the range that does not exceed the maximum junction temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period
 may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is
 exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

A two-dimensional barcode printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since concerned goods might be fallen under listed items of export control prescribed by Foreign exchange and Foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

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- 2. All information contained in this document is current as of the issuing date and subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using ROHM's Products, please confirm the latest information with a ROHM sales representative.
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