Data Sheet

## **■** Features

- 2-color type LED
- Abundant 2 color variations

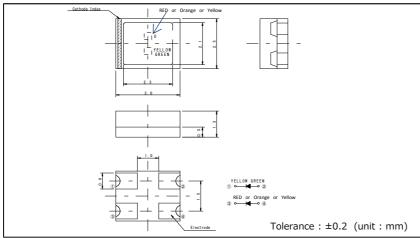
#### ■ Size

3025 (1210) 3.0 × 2.5mm (t=1.3mm)

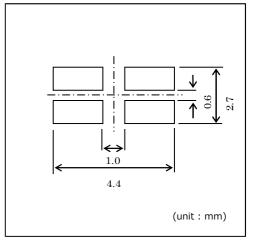




## **■** Dimensions







■ Moisture sensitivity level(MSL): Level 3

## **■** Specifications

				Abso	olute Ma	ximum R	tatings (Ta=25	°C)			Electr	ical and	d Optica	al Chara	acteristi	cs (Ta=	=25°C)		
Part No.	Chip Structure	Emitting	Power	Forward	Peak Forward	Peak Forward Reverse	Operating Temp. Storage Temp.	Forward Voltage V <sub>F</sub> Reverse Currer		Current I <sub>R</sub>	Peak Wavelength λ P			λР	Luminous Intensity I <sub>V</sub>				
Tarrio.			Dissipation	Current	Current				Тур.	$I_{F}$	Max.	$V_R$	Min.	Тур.	Max.	$I_{F}$	Min.	Тур.	$I_{F}$
			P <sub>D</sub> (mW)	I <sub>F</sub> (mA)	I <sub>FP</sub> (mA)	$V_R(V)$	T <sub>opr</sub> (°C)	T <sub>stg</sub> (°C)	(V)	(mA)	(µA)	(V)	(nm)	(nm)	(nm)	(mA)	(mcd)	(mcd)	(mA)
SML-020MVT	GaP	Yellow Green	60	25 6			-30~+85	5 -40~+85	2.2				_	570	_	20	9	20	20
	GaAsP	Red				O*1 4 -30~+			2.0				_	650	-		4	6	
SML-020MDT	GaP	Yellow Green			60*1				2.2	20	100	4	_	570	-		9	20	
31412-02014101	GaAsP	Orange							2.0	20	100	4	_	610	-		6	10	
SML-020MYT	GaP	Yellow Green							2.2				-	570	1		9	21	
		AsP Yellow							2.1				_	585	ı		6	10	

\*1 : Duty 1/5 pulse width 1ms, \*2 : 1/10,1kHz

#### **■ Electrical Characteristics Curves**

Reference

Fig.1 Forward Current
- Forward Voltages

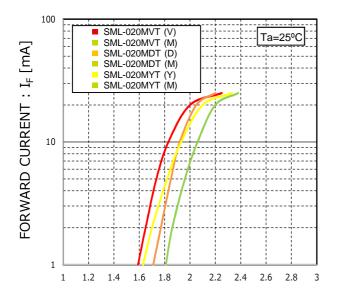
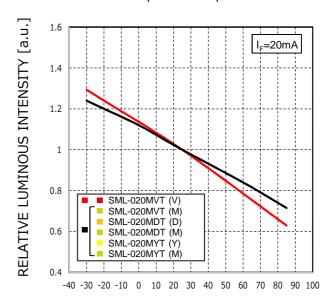


Fig.2 Luminous Intensity - Atmosphere Temperature



FORWARD VOLTAGE: V<sub>F</sub>[V]

ATMOSPHERE TEMPERATURE: Ta [°C]

Fig.3 Luminous Intensity - Forward Current

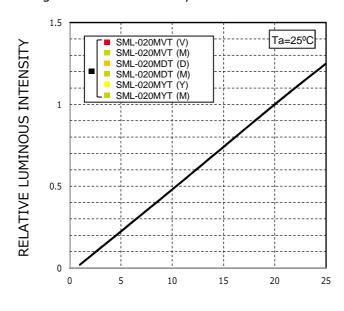
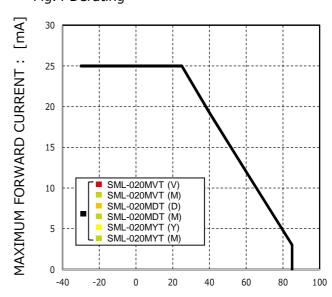


Fig.4 Derating

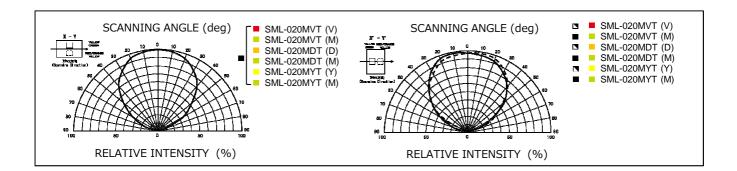


FORWARD CURRENT :  $I_F$  [mA]

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE : Ta [°C]

## **■ Viewing Angle**

Reference



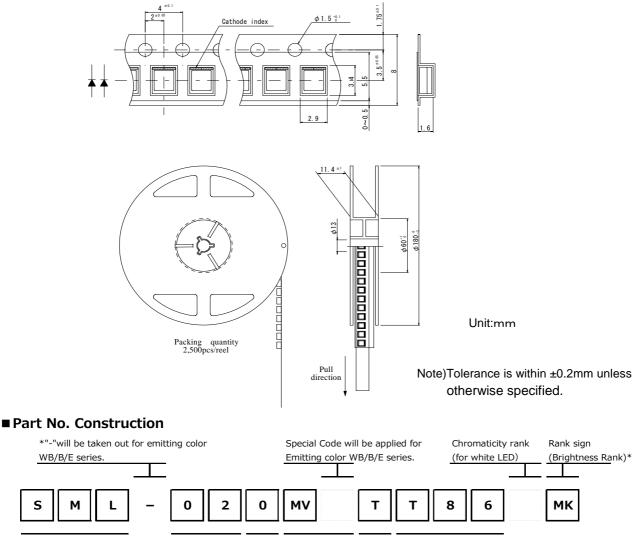
# ■ Rank Reference of Brightness\*

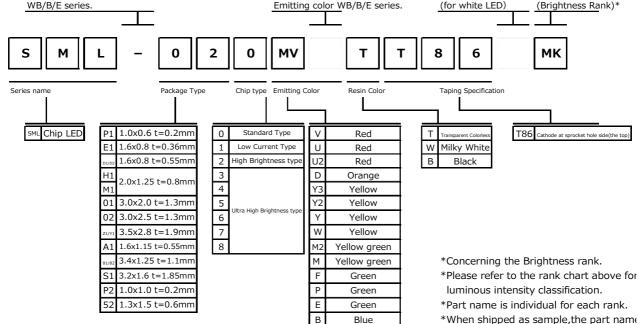
\*Measurement tolerance:±10%

(Ta=25°C,  $I_F$ =20mA)

Part No.	Rank	K	١	M	N	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U
Tart No.	lv (mcd)	3.6~7.1	5.6~11	9.0~18	14~28	22~45	36~71	56~110	90~180	140~280	220~450
SML-020MVT	Yellow Green				М						
SIVIL-020IVIV I	Red	'	/								
SML-020MDT	Yellow Green				М						
SIVIL-020IVID I	Orange			D							
SML-020MYT	Yellow Green				М						
SIVIL-020IVIT I	Yellow		,	Y							

## ■テーピング図(T86)





## ■ Packing Specification

scм Chip LED

Complying with IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033.

01 3.0x1.5 t=2.2mm

White

Phototransistors Red/Green/Blue be a representative part name. General products are free of ranks.

is needed.

Please contact sales if rank appointmen

## **■ Precaution (Surface Mount Device)**

### 1. Storage

If the product is heated during the reflow under the condition of hygroscopic state, it may vaporize and expand which will influence the performance of the product.

Therefore, the package is waterproof. Please use the product following the conditions:

Using Conditions

Classification	Temperature	Humidity	Expiration Date	Remark
①Before using	5~30°C	30∼70%RH	Within 1 year	Storage with waterproof package
Deloie using	5, 30 C	30° 97070KH	from Receiving	Storage with waterproof package
②After opening	E <sub>0</sub> .20℃	Below 70%RH	Within 168h	Please storing in the airtight container
package	5,~30 C	Delow 70%RH	WICHIII 10011	with our desiccant (silica gel)

### Baking

Bake the product in case of below:

- 1)The expiration date is passed.
- ②The color of 5% and 10% on humidity indicator card is not green.

(Even if the product is before expiration date.)

Baking Conditions

Tempera	rature Time		Humidity			
60±3℃	60±3℃ 12~24h		Below 20%RH			
Remark	•Reel and so please	ducts in reel. embossed tape try not to apply end bake once.	are easy to be deformed when baking, stress on it.			

#### 2. Application Methods

### 2 – 1. Precaution for Drive System and Off Mode

Design the circuit without the electric load exceeding the ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING that applies on the products. If drive by constant voltage, it may cause current deviation of the LED and result in deviation of luminous intensity, so we recommend to drive by constant current. (Deviation of VF Value will cause deviation of current in LED.) Furthermore, for off mode, please do not apply voltage neither forward nor reverse. Especially, for the products with the Aq-paste used in the die bonding, there's high possibility to cause electro migration and result

## 2 - 2. About Derating

in function failure.

It is considered that derating characteristics will not result in LED chip's electrical destruction. Even within the derating, the reliability and luminous life can be affected depending on operating conditions and ambient environment. So we would be appreciate it if you can confirm with your application again.

### 2 – 3. About product life

Depending on operating conditions and environment(applied current, ambient temperature and humidity, corrosive gas), decreasing of luminosity and change of chromaticity may occur even within the specification conditions.

Please contact our sales office if you use it for the following applications.

- 1)It requires long luminosity life
- ②It is always lit

### 2 – 4. Applied Stress on Product

No resin hardening agent such as filler is used in the sealing resin of the product.

Therefore, please pay attention to the overstress on it which may influence its reliability.

### 2 - 5. Usage

The Product is LED. We are not responsible for the usage as the diode such as Protection Chip, Rectifier, Switching and so on.

#### 3. Others

## 3 – 1. Surrounding Gas

Notice that if it is stored under the condition of acid gas (chlorine gas, sulfured gas) or alkali gas (ammonia), it may result in low soldering ability (caused by the change in quality of the plating surface ) or optical characteristics changes (light intensity, chrominance) and change in quality of cause die bonding (Ag-paste) materials. All of the above will function failure of the products.

Therefore, please pay attention to the storage environment for mounted product (concern the generated gas of the surrounding parts of the products and the atmospheric environment).

## 3 – 2. Electrostatic Damage

The product is part of semiconductor and electrostatic sensitive, there's high possibility to be damaged by the electrostatic discharge. Please take appropriate measures to avoid the static electricity from human body and earthing of production equipment. Especially, InGaN type LEDs have lower resistance value of electrostatic discharge and it is recommended to introduce the ESD protection circuit. The resistance values of electrostatic discharge (actual values) vary with products, therefore, please call our Sales staffs for inquiries.

## 3 – 3. Electromagnetic Wave

Applications with strong electromagnetic wave such as, IH cooker, will influence the reliability of LED, therefore please evaluate before using it.

#### 4. Mounting

## 4 - 1. Soldering

- •No resin hardening agent such as filler is used in the sealing resin of the product. Therefore, resin expansion and moisture absorption at humidity will cause heat stress during soldering process and finally has bad influence on the product's reliability.
- •The product is not guaranteed for flow soldering.
- •Do not expose the product in the environment of high temperature (over  $100^{\circ}$ C) or rapid temperature shift (within  $3^{\circ}$ C/sec. of temperature gradient) during the flow soldering of surrounding parts. In case of carrying out flow soldering of surrounding parts without recommended conditions, please contact us for inquiries.
- •Please set appropriate reflow temperature based on our product usage conditions and specification.
- •The max for reflowing is 2 times, please finish the second reflow soldering and flow soldering with other parts within the usage limitation after open the moisture proof package.
- •Compare with N2 reflow, during air reflow, because of the heat and surrounding conditions, it may cause the discoloration of the resin.
- •For our product that has no solder resist, because of its solder amount and soldering conditions, one of its specific characteristics is that solder will penetrate into LED. Thus, there's high possibility that will influence its reliability. Therefore, please be informed, concerning it before using it.

### 4 – 2. Automatic Mounting

## 4-2-1. Suction nozzle

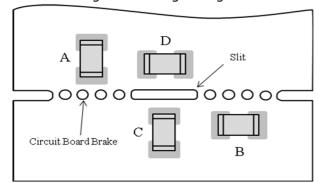
Excessive load may cause damage inside the LED product, so select an optimal suction nozzle according to the material and shape of the LED product.

## 4-2-2. Mini Package (Smaller than 1608 size)

•Vibration may result in low mounting rate since it will cause the static electricity of product and adhere to top cover tape. Therefore, the magnet should be set on parts feeder cassette of the mounter to control the product stabilization. In addition, it is recommended to set ionizer to prevent electrostatic charge.

### 4 – 3. Mounting Location

The stress like bending stress of circuit board dividing after mounting, may cause LED package crack or damage of LED internal junction, therefore, please concern the mounting direction and position to avoid bending or screwing with great stress of the circuit board.



Stress strength according to he mounting position: A>B>C>D

### 4-4. Mechanical Stress after Mounting

The mechanical stress may damage the LED after Circuit Mounting, so please pay attention to the touch on product.

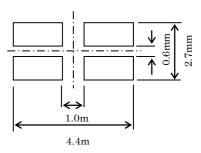
## 4 – 5. Soldering Pattern for Recommendation

We recommend the soldering pattern that shows on the right. It will be different according to mounting situation of circuit board, therefore, please concern before designing.

\*The product has adopted the electrode structure that it should solder with back electrode of the product.

Thus, please be informed that the shape of electrode pin of solder fillet formation is not guaranteed.

The through hole on electrode surface is for conduction of front and rear electrodes but not for formation of solder fillet.

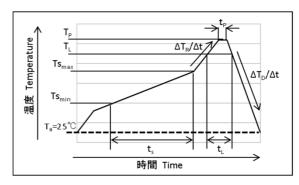


### 4 – 6. Reflow Profile

For reflow profile, please refer to the conditions below:(%)

■ Meaning of marks, Conditions

= Meaning of Marks, Conditions								
Mark	Meanings	Conditions						
Ts <sub>max</sub>	Maximum of pre-heating temperature	180℃						
Ts <sub>min</sub>	Minimum of pre-heating temperature	140℃						
$t_s$	Time from Tsmin to Tsmax	Over 60sec.						
$T_L$	Reference temperature	210~250℃						
$t_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	Retention time for TL	Within 40sec.						
$T_P$	Peak temperature	250℃(Max)						
$t_{P}$	Time for peak temperature	Within 10sec.						
ΔT <sub>R</sub> /Δt	Temperature rising rate	Under 3℃/sec.						
ΔT <sub>D</sub> /Δt	Temperature decreasing rate	Over -3℃/sec.						



\*\*Above conditions are for reference. Therefore, evaluate by customer's own circuit boards and reflow furnaces before using, because stress from circuit boards and temperature variations of reflow furnaces vary by customer's own conditions.

## 4 – 7. Attention Points in Soldering Operation

This product was developed as a surface mount LED especially suitable for reflow soldering. So reflow soldering is recommended. In case of implementing manual soldering, please take care of following points.

**1SOLDER USED** 

Sn-Cu, Sn-Ag-Cu, Sn-Ag-Bi-Cu

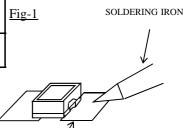
**2HAND SOLDERING CONDITION** 

LED products do not contain reinforcement material such as a glass fillers.

So thermal stress by soldering greatly influence its reliability.

Please keep following points for manual soldering.

	ITEM	RECOMMENDED CONDITION
a)	Heating method	Condition ) Temp. of iron top less than 400℃ within 3 sec. Heating on PCB pattern, not direct to the LED. (Fig-1)
b)		Please handle after the part temp. goes down to room temp.



SOLDERING LAND

## 4 – 8. Cleaning after Soldering

Please follow the conditions below if the cleaning is necessary after soldering.

Solvent	We recommend to use alcohols solvent such as, isopropyl alcohols
Temperature	Under 30℃ within 3 minutes
Ultrasonic Cleaning	15W/Below 1 liter (capacity of tank)
Drying	Under 100℃ within 3 minutes